

Examine different dramatic genres and styles, such as tragedy, comedy, realism, and absurdism, and how they influence the dramaturgical process

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Abstract: This exploration delves into the diverse world of dramatic genres and styles, including tragedy, comedy, realism, and absurdism, and their influence on the dramaturgical process. From the portrayal of noble downfall to the pursuit of laughter, from the depiction of everyday life to the exploration of existential absurdity, each genre and style offers unique insights into the human experience. Through an examination of character development, plot structure, and thematic exploration, this study illuminates how playwrights harness the power of drama to provoke thought, evoke emotion, and challenge our understanding of the world.

Keywords: Dramatic genres, dramatic styles, tragedy, comedy, realism, absurdism, dramaturgical process, character development, plot structure, thematic exploration, human experience.

Introduction

When delving into the realm of dramatic literature and theater, one encounters a rich tapestry of genres and styles that have evolved over centuries of human expression. From the tragic to the comedic, the realistic to the absurd, each genre and style offers a unique lens through which playwrights explore the depths of the human experience and provoke thought, emotion, and reflection in their audiences.

At the heart of the dramaturgical process lies the art of storytelling – a craft that transcends time and culture, weaving together narratives that captivate, challenge, and inspire. Within this vast landscape of theatrical expression, various genres and



styles serve as guiding principles, shaping the structure, tone, and thematic content of dramatic works.

In this exploration, we will embark on a journey through the realms of tragedy, comedy, realism, and absurdism, examining how each genre and style influences the dramaturgical process. From the tragic hero's fatal flaw to the absurdity of existence, we will delve into the complexities of character development, plot construction, and thematic exploration that define these dramatic forms. Join me as we uncover the nuances of each genre and style, unraveling the intricacies of their influence on the creation and interpretation of theatrical masterpieces. Through our exploration, we will gain a deeper understanding of the power of drama to illuminate the human condition and challenge our perceptions of the world around us.

Each dramatic genre and style brings its unique elements to the dramaturgical process:

- 1. Tragedy: Tragedy typically involves the downfall of a noble character due to a flaw or external circumstances. The dramaturgical process in tragedy focuses on building tension, creating a sense of inevitability, and eliciting catharsis in the audience through the protagonist's suffering and ultimate demise.
- 2. Comedy: Comedy aims to provoke laughter and amusement through humorous situations, characters, and dialogue. In the dramaturgical process of comedy, writers often employ techniques such as wordplay, irony, and farce to create comedic effect. The focus is on generating light-hearted entertainment and often ends with a resolution that restores order and harmony.
- 3. Realism: Realism seeks to depict everyday life and human interactions in a realistic manner, often without idealization. In the dramaturgical process of realism, attention is paid to accurately portraying settings, characters, and dialogue to create a



sense of authenticity and immersion for the audience. Themes in realism may include social issues, relationships, and the human condition.

4. Absurdism: Absurdism explores the existentialist notion of the human struggle to find meaning in an inherently meaningless world. The dramaturgical process in absurdism involves embracing illogical and nonsensical elements to challenge traditional narrative structures and question fundamental truths. Absurdist plays often feature absurd situations, repetitive dialogue, and fragmented plots to convey the absurdity of existence.

Each genre and style requires different approaches to character development, plot structure, dialogue, and thematic exploration. Dramatists may draw from multiple genres and styles or blend them together to create works that are complex and multi-dimensional. Ultimately, the choice of genre and style influences how the playwright crafts the dramatic experience and communicates their intended message to the audience.

In conclusion, the exploration of dramatic genres and styles reveals the rich tapestry of human expression found within the realm of theater. From the cathartic tragedies of ancient Greece to the witty comedies of Shakespearean England, from the gritty realism of 19th-century Europe to the existential absurdism of the 20th century, each genre and style offers a unique lens through which playwrights engage with the complexities of the human condition.

Through our journey, we have witnessed how tragedy exposes the flaws of the human spirit, how comedy celebrates the absurdity of life, how realism reflects the mundane and extraordinary aspects of everyday existence, and how absurdism challenges the very notion of meaning and purpose.

At the heart of the dramaturgical process lies the playwright's ability to craft compelling narratives, develop multidimensional characters, and explore universal



themes that resonate with audiences across time and culture. Whether evoking tears or laughter, contemplation or confusion, dramatic literature and theater continue to serve as powerful vehicles for empathy, introspection, and social commentary.

As we continue to navigate the ever-evolving landscape of theater and storytelling, let us embrace the diversity of dramatic expression and celebrate the enduring power of the human imagination to illuminate, provoke, and inspire.

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