



Through an automated system. Analysis of energy consumption

Yo'ichiyev M,E

Shavkatov Muhammadjon Umidjon o'g'li

Raxmatullayev Shamsiddin Hakimboy o'g'li

Andijan machine building institute

Abstract: *At present, the advantages of using modern elements of the automatic control and measurement system along with the measures of applying innovative projects in the distribution power grids in the calculation of consumption and waste are shown.*

Key words: *Electric energy, counter, concentrator .*

In the development of modern high technologies, the production of electronic information systems is one of the most promising directions. The share of the production of these systems, in the share of the total national production, expressed the level of technical level of the state. This production attracts a lot of financial resources, high-class specialists, technologies that meet new modern world standards, tools and equipment. But the production of large-scale electronic information systems provides the following:

- ✓ Brings industry in the state to a high professional, intellectual and production level;
- ✓ Production volume leads to international industry standards. The automated system of accounting and control of electricity consumption is considered an electronic information system in the power system.



One of the most important tasks is the availability of operational and accurate electricity to the enterprise's energy system, as well as the possibility of keeping accounts of consumers. Through the automated system of accounting and control of electricity consumption, it can perform the following tasks:

To the energy supply organization:

- ✓ exchange of information between subjects in the electricity market;
- ✓ automation of calculations between entities and consumers;
- ✓ increase the level of accuracy and operational calculation of electricity;
- ✓ automation of control of the technical condition of electric power systems;
- ✓ distributes electricity among consumers through control schemes;
- ✓ Increases the efficiency of the company's work. To consumers:
- ✓ Increases operational and accurate calculation of electricity;
- ✓ Distribution of electricity from various management schemes in order to reduce financial costs;
- ✓ reduce electricity bills;
- ✓ Automation of electricity and power supply calculations with the energy supply company.

The general view of the ASKUE system is as follows:

- Meters measuring electric energy and power (with digital interface and pulse outputs);



➤ Communication tools (switching telephone communication channels, dedicated telephone channels, GSM, GPRS, radio channels, etc.) and communication equipment (modems, radio modems, multiplexers, etc.)

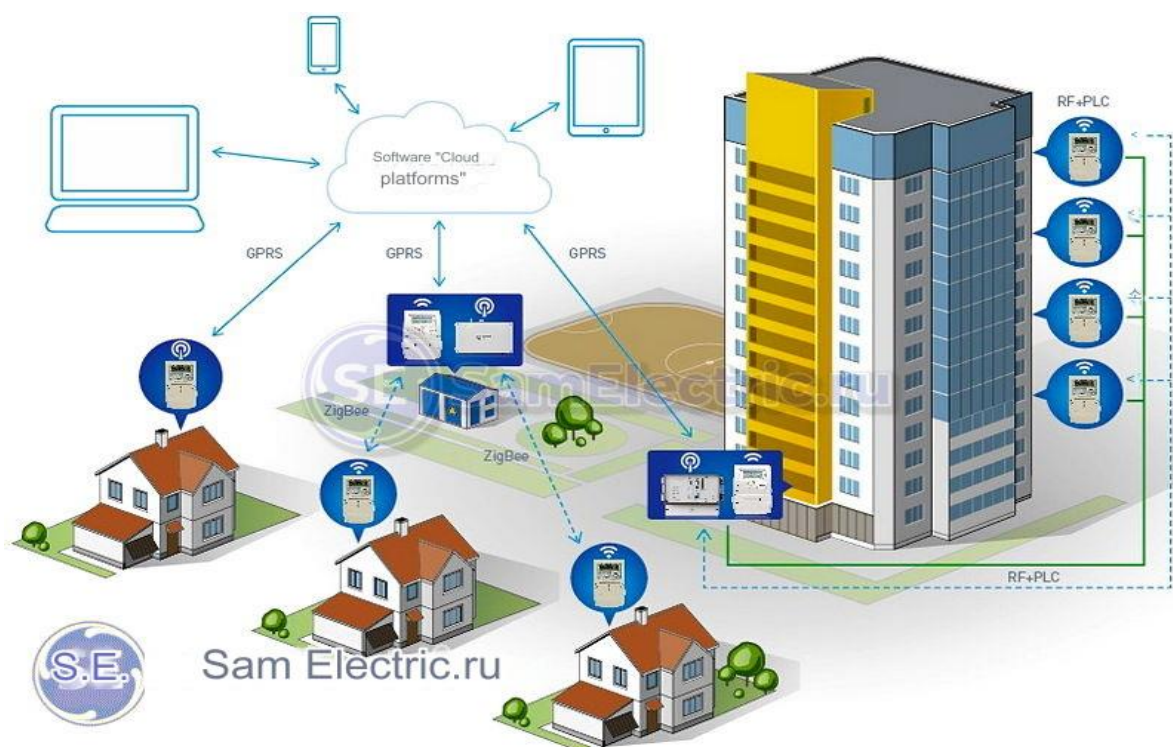
➤ Measured data through a programmed program

the possibility of exchanging information with other enterprises and enterprises providing electricity;

➤ "UZBEKENERGO" DAK in cooperation with specialists and "HOLLEY METERING LIMITED" (KNR) specialists has been developing ASKUE system and dispatch control system

➤ The possibility of using the ASKUE system is very wide - whether it is a multi-storey house, a neighborhood, or even a regional distribution energy company - there is a possibility of using it in everything.

Structure diagram of the ASKUE system.





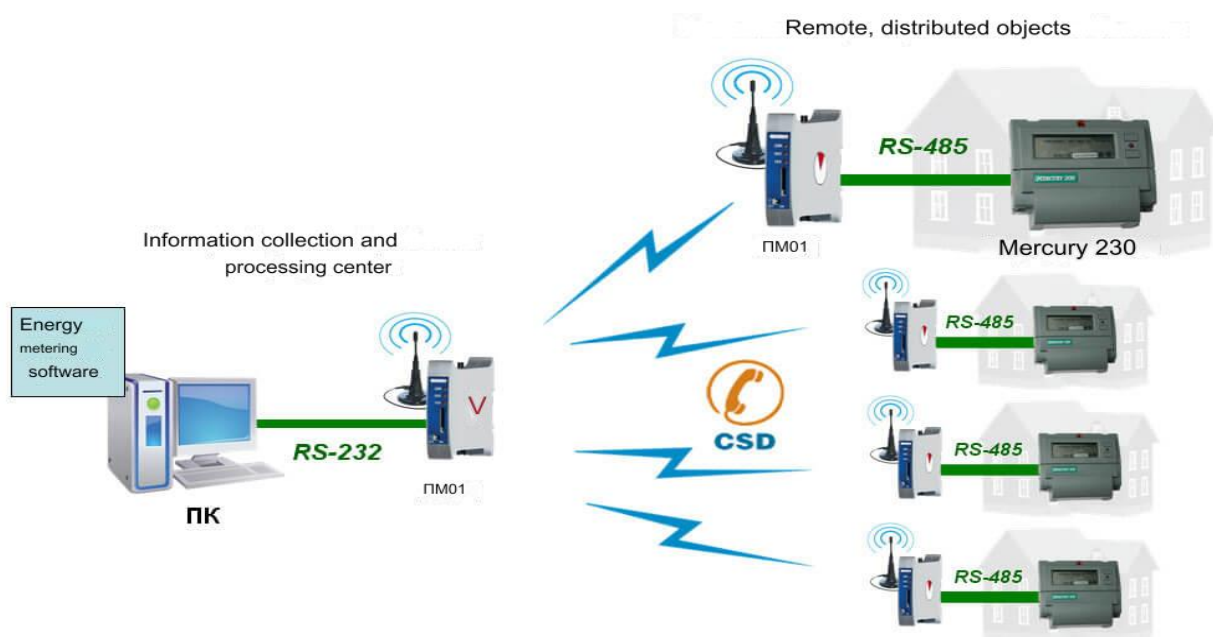
The ASKUE system has the following functions:

- Has the ability to write information on the used electric energy;
- It is possible to store and control archival written data on the consumer's counter and to check the system itself;
- It is possible to set indicators of concentrators, terminators and counters;
- It is possible to remotely collect data, turn it on and off and control;
- Automatic and manual interrogation is possible;
- Reduces loss and theft of electricity;
- Reduces the powers of the operator;
- It is possible to issue a report of normal working conditions;
- It is possible to display distribution schemes;
- There is an opportunity to collect information on each phase and to identify deficiencies in each phase;
- The possibility of introducing a multi-tariff system;
- Automatic reporting of any events;
- It is possible to provide information about the level of power consumption and power;



➤ Ability to search and retrieve all information.

Advanced trading of energy resources requires the use of reliable, accurate and concise automated system energy calculation, which minimizes human intervention at the stages of data measurement, collection and processing, and is reliable, accurate and compactly adapted to various tariff systems by both the supplier and the consumer of energy resources. requires the implementation of based systems. For this purpose, consumers and supply enterprises are in their facilities



They organize ENHAT.

ENHAT is control-measuring devices, communications

(data transmission network), is a set of technical and software tools designed for automatic management of the energy consumption process and automatic accounting, consisting of EHM and software (DT).

ENHAT enables:

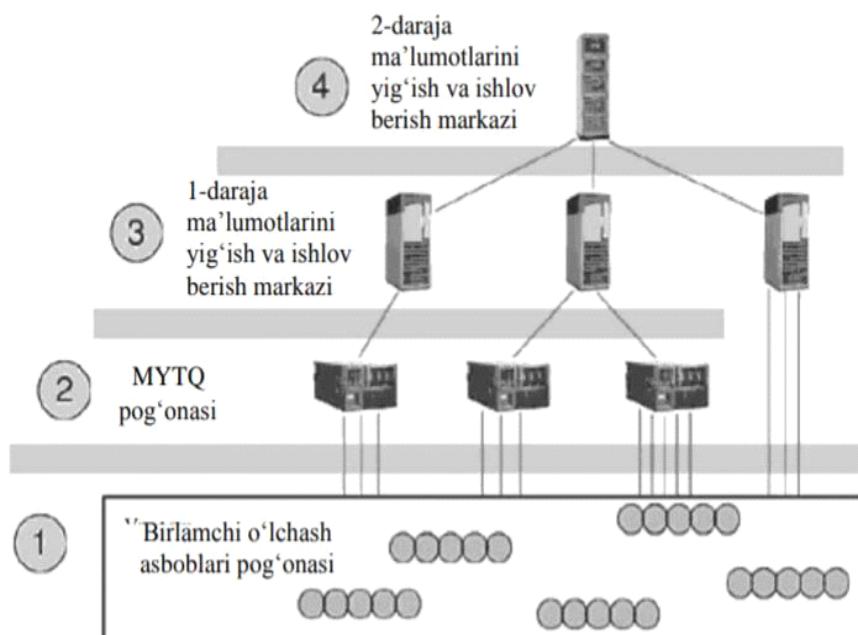
- Automation of data exchange with electricity market subjects;



- Automation of calculations with subjects and consumers of the electricity market;
- Achieving increase in reliability and speed of electricity accounting;
- Ensuring automatic control of technical conditions of electric power systems;
- use of various management schemes of energy and power distribution among consumers;

ENHAT's DTI consists of the following systems:

- database (MB) and meter reading management system;
- automatic request system of meters on the line of communication and power consumers;
- a system of displaying the parameters of electric meters in a graphic form;
- data analysis system;
- automated system of complex database.



**REFERENCES.**

1. Yulchiev M.E., & Odilov.S. (2024). DESIGN ISSUES OF AUTOMATION SYSTEMS AND THEIR FUNCTION. Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования, 21(2), 160–164. Retrieved from <https://web-journal.ru/index.php/journal/article/view/5372>
2. Yulchiev M.E., & Odilov.S. (2024). ANALYSIS OF THE AUTOMATION PROCESS OF TWO-RATE CONSUMERS. Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования, 21(2), 171–174. Retrieved from <https://web-journal.ru/index.php/journal/article/view/5374>
3. Yulchiev M.E., & Odilov.S. (2024). ANALYSIS OF THE AUTOMATION PROCESS OF TWO-RATE CONSUMERS IN ELECTRICITY SUPPLY. Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования, 21(2), 165–170. Retrieved from <https://web-journal.ru/index.php/journal/article/view/5373>
4. Yulchiyev Mash'albek Erkinovich, & Yusupov Asadbek G'ulom o'g'li. (2024). LIGHTING IN PRODUCTION AND ITS STANDARDS. NATURAL AND ARTIFICIAL LIGHTING. Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования, 14(2), 110–115. Retrieved from <https://web-journal.ru/index.php/journal/article/view/2898>
5. Muhtorovich, K. M., & Abdulhamid o'g'li, T. N. DETERMINING THE TIME DEPENDENCE OF THE CURRENT POWER AND STRENGTH OF SOLAR PANELS BASED ON THE EDIBON SCADA DEVICE.
6. Abdulhamid o'g'li, T. N., & Sharipov, M. Z. (2023). ENERGY DEVELOPMENT PROCESSES IN UZBEKISTAN. Science Promotion, 1 (1), 177–179.
7. Abdulhamid o'g'li, T. N. Raxmonov Azizbek Botirjon o'g'li, & Musiddinov Otabek Ulug'bek o'g'li.(2022). STIRLING ENERGY GENERATOR. E Conference Zone, 13–16.



8. Topvoldiyev Nodirbek Abdulhamid o'g'li, & Komilov Murodjon Muhtorovich. (2022). Stirling's Engine. Texas Journal of Multidisciplinary Studies, 9, 95–97. Retrieved from <https://zienjournals.com/index.php/tjm/article/view/1932>
9. Abdulhamid o'g'li, T. N. Davronov Akmaljon Abdug 'ani o'g'li.(2022). Stirling Engine and Principle of Operation. Global Scientific Review, 4, 9–13.
10. Erkinovich, Y. M. A., & Asadbek Gulom og, Y. (2024). LIGHTING IN PRODUCTION AND ITS STANDARDS. NATURAL AND ARTIFICIAL LIGHTING. Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования, 14(2), 110-115.
11. Erkinovich, Y. M. A. (2024). PROBLEMS OF EFFECTIVE USE OF ELECTRICAL ENERGY IN AGRICULTURE AND WATER MANAGEMENT. Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования, 14(2), 72-78.
12. Erkinovich, Y. M. A., & Sirojiddin, X. (2024). AUTOMATION OF ELECTRICITY CONSUMERS. Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования, 14(2), 86-92.
13. Erkinovich, Y. M. A., & Sirojiddin, X. (2024). WHAT DOES IT DEPEND ON TO ENSURE THE CONTINUITY OF ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION. Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования, 14(2), 100-104.
14. Erkinovich, Y. M. A., & Umurzoqbek, D. (2024). APPLICATION OF HYBRID SYSTEM IN MULTIFUNCTIONAL DEVICES USING BOTH RENEWABLE AND CONVENTIONAL ENERGY RESOURCES. Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования, 14(2), 226-233.
15. Erkinovich, Y. M. (2024). TYPES OF LIGHTING LAMPS AND THEIR CHARACTERISTICS. Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования, 14(2), 28-34.
16. Topvoldiyev Nodirbek Abdulhamid o'g'li, & Soliyev Muzaffar Mominjan's son. (2024). WASTE OF ELECTRICAL ENERGY IN LINES AND TRANSFORMERS. Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования, 21(2), 153–159. Retrieved from <https://web-journal.ru/index.php/journal/article/view/5345>



17. Abdulhamid o'g'li, T. N., & Husanboy, S. (2024). SMALL FROM HYDROELECTRIC POWER STATIONS IN USE THE WORLD EXPERIENCE. *Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования*, 21(1), 110-114.
18. Topvoldiyev Nodirbek Abdulhamid o'g'li, & Shavkatbekov Husanboy. (2024). VILLAGE HOUSEHOLD FOR SMALL HPPS CURRENT TO DO CONDITION IN UZBEKISTAN. *Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования*, 21(1), 115–119. Retrieved from <https://web-journal.ru/index.php/journal/article/view/5284>
19. Topvoldiyev Nodirbek Abdulhamid o'g'li, Utkirbek Akramjonovich Axmadaliyev, & Karimberdiyev Khikmatillo Qahramonjon ugli. (2024). DEVELOPMENT AND APPLICATION OF 3rd GENERATION SOLAR ELEMENTS. *Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования*, 14(2), 219–225. Retrieved from <https://web-journal.ru/index.php/journal/article/view/2916>
20. Topvoldiyev Nodirbek Abdulhamid o'g'li, & Shavkatbekov Husanbor Azamjon o'g'li. (2024). IMPLEMENTATION OF SMALL HYDROPOWER PLANTS IN AGRICULTURE. *Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования*, 14(2), 182–186. Retrieved from <https://web-journal.ru/index.php/journal/article/view/2910>
21. Topvoldiyev Nodirbek Abdulhamid o'g'li, Utkirbek Akramjonovich Axmadaliyev, & Abdullajonov Muhammadqodir Botirjon o'g'li. (2024). A GUIDE TO SELECTING INVERTERS AND CONTROLLERS FOR SOLAR ENERGY DEVICES. *Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования*, 14(2), 142–148. Retrieved from <https://web-journal.ru/index.php/journal/article/view/2903>
22. Topvoldiyev Nodirbek Abdulhamid o'g'li, Xolmirzayev Jasurbek Yuldashboyevich, & Xabibulayev Iqboljon Axmadjon ugli. (2024). SOLAR PANEL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS AND INSTALLATION PROCESS. *Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования*, 14(2), 135–141. Retrieved from <https://web-journal.ru/index.php/journal/article/view/2902>



23. Topvoldiyev Nodirbek Abdulhamid o`g`li, Xolmirzayev Jasurbek Yuldashboyevich, & Tursunov Ro`zimuhammad Muhammadyunus ugli. (2024). ENERGY-EFFICIENT HIGH-RISE RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS. Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования, 14(2), 93–99. Retrieved from <https://web-journal.ru/index.php/journal/article/view/2895>
24. Topvoldiyev Nodirbek Abdulhamid o`g`li, Xolmirzayev Jasurbek Yuldashboyevich, & Obidov Shaxzod Ozodjon ugli. (2024). SOLAR PANEL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS AND INSTALLATION PROCESS. Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования, 14(2), 48–54. Retrieved from <https://web-journal.ru/index.php/journal/article/view/2888>
25. Topvoldiyev Nodirbek Abdulhamid o`g`li, Xolmirzayev Jasurbek Yuldashboyevich, & Najimov Abbosbek Mominjon ugli. (2024). SOLAR PANEL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS AND INSTALLATION PROCESS. Лучшие интеллектуальные исследования, 14(2), 40–47. Retrieved from <https://web-journal.ru/index.php/journal/article/view/2887>